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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- (Original) An electroacoustic receiver for use in a hearing 1. aid further including a power source, an audio input, and a signal processor wherein the receiver is driven with a switching signal having a carrier frequency, the electroacoustic receiver comprising: a pair of spaced permanent magnets; a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a conductive element having a thickness and formed into a winding, the winding including a plurality of spaced turns forming a plurality of winding layers, the plurality of spaced turns having a parasitic capacitance between individual turns and a predetermined winding pattern and a predetermined winding pitch for reducing the parasitic capacitance.
- 2. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 1 wherein the winding pitch of the plurality of spaced turns includes a spacing between successive turns of at least three times the thickness of the conductive element.
- 3. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 2 further comprising an insulating material between successive layers of the plurality of winding layers.
- (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 3 further 4. comprising an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located in the spacing between successive turns of the plurality of spaced turns of the conductive element.

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 (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 4 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.

- 6. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 5 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- 7. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 6 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
- 8. (Original) The electromagnetic receiver of claim 7 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 1 further comprising an insulating material between successive layers of the plurality of winding layers.
- 10. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 9 further comprising an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of

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> insulating turns located in the spacing between successive turns of the plurality of spaced turns of the conductive element.

- 11. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 10 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.
- 12. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 11 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- 13. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 12 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
- 14. (Original) The electromagnetic receiver of claim 13 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 15. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 1 further comprising an insulating element having a thickness and

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formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located between successive turns of the plurality of spaced turns of the conductive element.

- 16. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 15 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.
- 17. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 16 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- 18. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 17 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
- 19. (Original) The electromagnetic receiver of claim 18 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.

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20. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 1 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.

- 21. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 20 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- 22. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 21 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
- wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 24. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 1 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.

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25. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 24 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.

- wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 27. (Original) The electroacoustic receiver of claim 1 wherein the predetermined winding pattern of the conductive element comprises an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 28. (Original) A method of reducing the current flow from and increasing the life of a battery provided in a hearing aid

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having an audio input, and a signal processor, the method comprising the steps of: providing an electroacoustic receiver driven by a switching signal having a carrier frequency, the receiver comprising a pair of spaced magnets, a coil having a tunnel therethrough, and a reed armature having a central portion that extends through the coil; and reducing a parasitic capacitance exhibited by the receiver coil by providing a predetermined winding pattern of a conductive element including a plurality of successive turns forming a plurality of successive winding layers and a predetermined winding pitch.

- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the predetermined winding pitch includes a spacing between successive turns of at least three times a thickness of the conductive element.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the reducing a parasitic capacitance step includes providing an insulating material between adjacent layers of the plurality of successive winding layers.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the reducing a parasitic capacitance step includes providing an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located in the between adjacent turns of the plurality of successive turns of the conductive element.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the reducing a parasitic capacitance step includes providing an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.

33. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.

- 34. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the predetermined winding pattern is a bank winding.
- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 36. (Previously presented) An electroacoustic receiver comprising: a pair of spaced permanent magnets; a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a wire having a thickness and formed into a wire winding, the wire winding including a plurality of individual turns having a winding pitch wherein a space between individual turns is between three times and six times the thickness of the wire, for reducing parasitic capacitance; and a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

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> 37. (Previously presented) An electroacoustic receiver comprising: a pair of spaced permanent magnets; a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a plurality of electrically connected winding modules, wherein a gap between adjacent winding modules is less than 5% of the width of one of the plurality of winding modules; and a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

38. (Previously presented) An electroacoustic receiver comprising:

> a pair of spaced permanent magnets; a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a winding of a wire, the winding having an end portion formed by a first plurality of individual turns originating at a point adjacent the tunnel and expanding radially outwardly to form an isosceles-triangle shaped boundary layer, thereafter the wire being wound in second succession of individual turns to form a plurality of horizontally disposed layers, wherein a number of radially disposed layers in the end portion is at least a number of radially disposed layers in at least one horizontally disposed layer in the plurality of horizontally disposed layers to effect a reduction in parasitic capacitance; and a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

39-40 (Canceled)